Polish Polar Research

Manuscript template

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1 *Affiliation in English, Street address, Zip-code, Country*

2 *Affiliation in English, Street address, Zip-code, Country*

\* *corresponding author* <*e.mail@address*>

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Provide concise summary of the major findings in a different way than in the abstract. Do not provide new data, discussion, and do not refer to any references.

Acknowledgements. *—* Do not forget to acknowledge all funding sources and thank the reviewers for their comments. Do not use titles, *i.e.*,professor, doctor, neither their abbreviations prof., dr., *etc*. *Titles of research projects provide in italics*.

Appendix. Appendixes, if needed, appear before References.

# References

Please, ensure that every reference cited in the text is also present in the reference list and vice versa. Responsibility for the accuracy of bibliographic citations lies entirely with the authors.

The inline references to published papers should consist of the surname of the author(s) followed by the year of publication (Anderson 1971). More than two authors should be cited with the first author’s surname, followed by *et al.* (Dingle *et al.* 1998) but in full in the References.

For multiple references to the same authors, years must be separated by comma. References to different authors must be separated by semicolon (Anderson 1971, 1999; Birkenmajer 1991; Sobota and Grześ 2006).

The references should be arranged alphabetically and chronologically. The title of the journal or book should be in italics and should not be abbreviated. Check the examples below. Follow the details exactly.

If paper is in Polish, Russian, *etc.*, translate its title to English and add (in Polish), (in Russian), *etc.* at the end of the reference.

Anderson J.B. 1999. *Antarctic Marine Geology*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. doi: 10.1017/CBO9780511759376

Birkenmajer K. 1991. Tertiary glaciation in the South Shetland Islands, West Antarctica: evaluation of data. *In*: Thomson M.R.A., Crame J.A. and Thomson J.W. (eds.) *Geological Evolution of Antarctica*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge: 629–632.

Dingle S.A., Marenssi S.A. and Lavelle M. 1998. High latitude Eocene climate deterioration: evidence from the northern Antarctic Peninsula. *Journal of South American Earth Sciences* 11: 571–579. doi: 10.1016/S0895-9811(98)00035-2

Sedov R.V. 1997. Glaciers of the Chukotka. *Materialy Glyatsiologicheskikh Issledovaniy* 82: 213–217 (in Russian).

Sobota I. and Grześ M. 2006. Characteristic of snow cover on Kaffioyra’s glaciers, NW Spitsbergen in 2005. *Problemy Klimatologii Polarnej* 16: 147–159 (in Polish).

Ward B.L. 1984. *Distribution of modern benthic foraminifera of McMurdo Sound, Antarctica*. M.Sc. Thesis. Victoria University, Wellington (unpublished).

If available, provide doi number at the end of bibliographic info. For web references, the full URL should be given and the date when the reference was last accessed. Any further information (doi, author names, dates, *etc*.), if known, should also be given.

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Table 1.

Bold letters should not be used in tables (including headers), except to highlight a significant value/information.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Site | Water-depth (m) | Temperature  (°C) | Core-depth  (cm) | Depth of the *E. webbi* horizon (cm) |
| D0 | 82 | 1.0 | 16 | 8–10 |
| D1 | 33 | 2.5 | 24 | 8–12 |
| D2 | 46 | −1.2 | 52 | 6–18 |

C:\Users\wmaj\Desktop\Fig.5.tif

Fig. 1. We suggest that you use a text box to insert a graphic, which is ideally a 300 dpi resolution TIFF or EPS file with all fonts embedded, because this method is somewhat more stable than directly inserting a picture. Maximal publication size of illustrations in print is 126×196 mm. Make sure that graphics are clearly readable at this size. For labeling sub-graphics in a single figure, capital letters placed in the upper left corner are preferred. Fonts must not be too small (A) and “hairline” line-width must not be used (B). Keep the graphics as simple and clear as possible. Remove all unnecessary lines, frames *etc*.